HUMBOLDT TRANSIT AUTHORITY FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION JUNE 30, 2015

Table of Contents

June 30, 2015 and 2014

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT	1
BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
Statements of Net Position	Exhibit A
Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in	
Net Position	Exhibit B
Statements of Cash Flows	Exhibit C
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	Exhibit D
	Exmon D
SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	
Combining Schedule of Net Position, June 30, 2015	Exhibit E
Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes	
In Net Position, Year Ended June 30, 2015	Exhibit F
Combining Schedule of Net Position, June 30, 2014	Exhibit G
Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes	
In Net Position, Year Ended June 30, 2014	Exhibit H
Schedule of Contributions	Exhibit I
Schedule of Proportionate Share of CalPERS	Exhibit J
SINGLE AUDIT REPORTS	
Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance for Each Major Program	
and on Internal Control over Compliance Required By OMB Circular A-133	3 26
Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control Over Financial	
Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an	20
Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance	29
with Government Auditing Standards	
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs	32
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	33
MANAGEMENT LETTER	



ANDERSON, LUCAS, SOMERVILLE & BORGES, LLP

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

ART STEWART (1945-1964) RICHARD RODRIGUE (1950-1985) DAVID J. SOMERVILLE (1971-1982) DONALD J. HARRIS (1962-1994) EUGENE B. LUCAS (1950-2013) 1338 MAIN STREET FORTUNA, CALIFORNIA 95540 (707)725-4483 & (707) 725-4442 Toll Free: 800-794-1643 FAX: (707) 725-6340 E-mail: team@alsb.com

www.alsb.com

JAMES M. ANDERSON, Inactive

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Directors Humboldt Transit Authority

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the business-type activities of Humboldt Transit Authority as of and for the years ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Authority's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Board of Directors Humboldt Transit Authority

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the business-type activities of Humboldt Transit Authority, as of June 30, 2015 and 2014, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matters

Management adopted the provisions of the following Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement, which became effective for fiscal years beginning after June 30, 2014, that affected the financial reporting of pensions:

Statement 68 – Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions

The emphasis of these matters does not constitute a modification to our opinion.

Other Matters

Management has omitted the Management's Discussion and Analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America required to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that comprise Humboldt Transit Authority's basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements. The combining schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The Schedule of Contributions and Schedule of Proportionate Share of CalPERS is required supplementary information and is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The schedule of expenditures of federal awards, combining schedules, and schedules required under GASB 68 are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedules Exhibit E through Exhibit J and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Board of Directors Humboldt Transit Authority

Other Information (Continued)

Our audit was also made for the purpose of determining compliance with the Transportation Development Act Section 99260, the California Administrative Code and the rules and regulations of the Humboldt County Association of Governments. In our audit, we performed, to the extent applicable, the tasks contained in Section 6667 of the California Administrative Code.

As part of the audit, we performed testing of the following program:

Public Transportation Modernization Improvement and Service Enhancement Account (PTMISEA).

In November 2006, California voters passed a bond measure enacting the Highway Safety, Air Quality and Port Security Bond of 2006, of the \$19.925 billion of State general obligation bonds authorized, \$4 billion was set aside by the State as instructed by the statute as the Public Transportation Modernization Improvement and Service Enhancement Account (PTMISEA). These funds are available to the California Department of Transportation for intercity rail projects and to transit operators in California for rehabilitation, safety, or modernization improvements, capital service enhancements or expansions, new capital projects, bus rapid transit improvements or for rolling stock procurement, rehabilitation, or replacement.

Since the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010, the Authority applied for and received \$5,275,760, earned interest of \$44,805, and expended \$4,209,823. As of June 30, 2015, PTMISEA unexpended funds total \$1,110,742. These funds are for buses delivered in November 2015.

PTMISEA funds received (2010-2015)	\$ 5,275,760
Interest earned (2010-2015)	44,805
Subtotal	5,320,565
Expenditures (2010-2015	
Bus Shelter improvements	(548,465)
Bus Procurement	(2,699,290)
GPS System	(403,201)
Remitted to City of Eureka	(473,399)
Passenger Count System	(85,468)
Subtotal	(4,209,823)
Unexpended PTMISEA funds at June 30, 2015	\$ 1,110,742

In our opinion, except as discussed in Note 2, the funds described above were expended in conformity with the applicable laws, rules, and regulations of the Transportation Development Act and the allocation instructions of the Humboldt County Association of Governments.

Board of Directors Humboldt Transit Authority

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated January 6, 2016, on our consideration of the Humboldt Transit Authority's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering Humboldt Transit Authority's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

ANDERSON, LUCAS, SOMERVILLE & BORGES

January 6, 2016 Fortuna, California

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Statements of Net Position

June 30, 2015 and 2014

ASSETS

<u>ASSETS</u>		
	2015	2014
Current Assets		
Cash and Cash Equivalents		
On Hand and in Deposit Accounts	\$ 3,006,930	\$ 2,393,876
Restricted Cash	1,110,743	9,546
Total Cash and Cash Equivalents	4,117,673	2,403,422
	275 STATE OF THE SEC.	V 27 Day 22 AV 20 AV 20 AV 2
Accounts Receivable	539,196	104,525
Grants Receivable	72,500	941,481
Payroll Tax Refunds Receivable	•	-
Employee Advances	403	567
Materials and Supplies Inventory (at cost)	276,447	221,328
Prepaid Expenses	138,217	113,750
Total Current Assets	5,144,436	3,785,073
Y		
Long-term Assets	0.210.502	10.057.001
Property, Plant and Equipment, Net	9,318,582	10,057,921
Work in Progress	18,003	10.055.001
Total Long-term Assets	9,336,585	10,057,921
Deferred Outflows of Resources	228,162	
TOTAL ACCETS AND DEPENDED OUTELOWS OF DESCRIPCES	¢ 14 700 192	£ 12 942 004
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	\$ 14,709,183	\$ 13,842,994
LIADU TERES AND MET DOSTEION		
LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION		
0 4711999		
Current Liabilities	e (0.000	£ 460,000
Trade Payables	\$ 68,902	\$ 460,209
Insurance Payable	126,820	103,073
Deferred Income	662,806	521,881
DAR Liability	207,686	187,895
Unearned Fares	163,002	123,190
Deferred Income- Prop 1B PTMISEA	1,099,508	404
Accrued Payroll Liabilities	191,954	188,154
Total Current Liabilities	2,520,678	1,584,806
71.190		
Long-term Liabilities	2.000	
Lease Deposit	3,000	•
Net Pension Liability	1,346,438	
Net OPEB Obligation	2,022,763	1,735,476
Total Long-term Liabilities	3,372,201	1,735,476
Total Liabilities	5,892,879	3,320,282
Deferred Inflows of Resources	439,268	
Net Position		
Invested In Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt	9,336,585	10,057,921
	7,330,363	10,037,721
Restricted Net Position	000000	12.000000000000000000000000000000000000
Insurance Deductible Reserve	100,000	100,000
Equipment Acquisition	814,010	814,010
Retiree's Health Insurance	15,000	15,000
Total Restricted Net Position	929,010	929,010
Unrestricted Net Position	(1,888,559)	(464,219)
Total Net Position	8,377,036	10,522,712
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND NET POSITION	\$ 14,709,183	\$ 13,842,994

Statements of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position

For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

With Comparative Amounts for the Year Ended June 30, 2014

OPERATING REVENUES Fares Contract Transportation Insurance Reimbursement Other Revenue	Budget \$ 1,090,710 1,203,067 31,000 60,425	2015 Actual \$ 1,395,652 987,771 - 190,930	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable) 304,942 (215,296) (31,000) 130,505	2014 Actual \$ 1,086,538 1,192,975 - 270,730
Total Operating Revenues	2,385,202	2,574,353	189,151	2,550,243
OPERATING EXPENSES				
Labor and Benefits	3,310,545	3,655,421	(344,876)	3,514,968
Professional Services	82,000	101,443	(19,443)	45,331
Purchased Transportation	-	122,030	(122,030)	146,436
	1,424,810	1,239,528	185,282	1,624,729
Repairs, Supplies, & Maintenance				
Casualty and Liability Insurance	203,110	151,706	51,404	176,216
Utilities	62,000	61,446	554	60,195
Leases and Rentals	7,200	6,869	331	7,100
Miscellaneous	61,200	71,682	(10,482)	59,924
Advertising	5,000	4,670	330	3,927
Travel and Transportation	12,000	12,629	(629)	18,707
Depreciation	-	1,160,440	(1,160,440)	977,464
Total Operating Expenses	5,167,865	6,587,864	(1,419,999)	6,634,997
Total Operating Expenses	2,107,002	0,007,007	(2,122,222)	5,00 1,557
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	(2,782,663)	(4,013,511)	(1,230,848)	(4,084,754)
NONOPERATING REVENUES				
Advertising	14,400	14,400	-	13,200
Rents and Leases	87,333	96,336	9,003	,
	67,555	70,550	7,005	
Operating Grants	2 1/0 2/0	2 245 062	75 604	2.050.670
TDA Assessments	2,169,368	2,245,062	75,694	2,050,670
Federal - FTA	8,320	218,705	210,385	241,607
State Operating - STAF	406,086	322,308	(83,778)	217,070
Interest Income	10,000	17,478	7,478	26,574
Gain (Loss) on Disposal of Capital Assets		(28,794)	(28,794)	(71,456)
Miscellaneous	87,156	(467)	(87,623)	585
Total Nonoperating Revenues	2,782,663	2,885,028	102,365	2,478,250
CHANGE IN NET POSITION BEFORE CAPITAL GRANTS	-	(1,128,483)	(1,128,483)	(1,606,504)
CAPITAL GRANTS				
Federal Transportation (5311)	-	530,000	₩.	680,000
State - Prop 1B PTMISEA	-	-	*	1,693,764
State - STAF and CalEma		35,223	-	147,756
County	-	-	_	200,000
Total Capital Grants		565,223		2,721,520
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		(563,260)	(1,128,483)	1,115,016
NET POSITION, BEGINNING OF YEAR		\$ 10,522,712		\$ 9,407,696
PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT		\$ (1,582,416)	<u>.</u>	\$ -
NET POSITION, END OF YEAR		\$ 8,377,036	E	\$ 10,522,712

HUMBOLDT TRANSIT AUTHORITY Statements of Cash Flows

For the Years Ended June 30, 2015 and 2014

	2015	2014	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:			
Cash Received from Customers	\$ 3,592,102	\$ 1,412,942	
Cash Paid for Goods and Services	(2,063,445)	(1,803,919)	
Cash Paid for Employees	(3,364,334)	(3,171,524)	
Net Cash (Used) by Operating Activities	(1,835,677)	(3,562,501)	
CASH FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES:			
Operating Grant Revenue	2,868,017	2,437,891	
Contract Transportation	987,771	1,192,975	
Miscellaneous Revenue	(25,339)	585	
Net Cash Provided by Non-Capital Financing Activities	3,830,449	3,631,451	
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:			
Capital Grant Revenue	274,018	1,780,039	
Acquisition of Property, Plant, and Equipment	(572,017)	(2,827,965)	
Net Cash (Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities	(297,999)	(1,047,926)	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Interest on Investments	17,478	26,574	
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities	17,478	26,574	
NET (DECREASE) INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	1,714,251	(952,402)	
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - Beginning of Year	2,403,422	3,355,824	
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - End of Year	\$ 4,117,673	\$ 2,403,422	

Statements of Cash Flows

For the Year Ended June 30, 2015 and 2014

RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES

	2015	2014
Operating Income (Loss)	\$ (4,013,511)	\$ (4,084,754)
Advertising classified as non operating expense	_	13,200
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to		
Net Cash (Used) by Operating Activities:		
Depreciation	1,160,440	977,464
Loss on Sale of Capital Assets	132,913	94,680
Nonoperating Revenue (Included in Operating Income Total)	(987,771)	(1,192,975)
Changes in Assets and Liabilities		
(Increase) Decrease in Assets		
Receivables	725,679	233,354
Capital Parts Inventory	-	20,568
Work in Progress	-	10,903
Materials and Supplies Inventory	(55,119)	(36,436)
Prepaid Expenses	(24,467)	9,270
Increase (Decrease) in Liabilities		
Accounts Payable and Accrued Expenses	(347,769)	239,661
Deferred Income	1,279,841	(190,880)
Lease Deposits	3,000	:5
Net OPEB Obligation	287,287	296,046
Accrued Payroll Liabilities	3,800	47,398
Net Cash (Used) By Operating Activities	\$ (1,835,677)	\$ (3,562,501)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2015

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Organization

Humboldt Transit Authority (HTA) is a public agency created on January 28, 1975 by a joint exercise of powers agreement between Humboldt County and the cities of Arcata, Eureka and Fortuna, later amended to include Rio Dell and Trinidad. The local transportation revenues are claimed by the parties to the agreement and, when approved by the Humboldt County Association of Governments, are paid out of the County of Humboldt's Local Transportation Trust Fund to the parties. The City of Eureka contracts with HTA to administer and operate the Eureka Transit System and administer the Eureka Dial-a-Ride paratransit service. HTA also contracts with Humboldt County to provide service from Arcata to Willow Creek, and to the Southern Humboldt area. The City of Arcata contracts with HTA to administer its Dial-a-Ride paratransit service.

The parties to the agreement provided Local Transportation Funds to the Authority in the following ratio during the year ended June 30, 2015:

	RTS	DAR/Lift Arcata	Willow	So Humboldt	So Humboldt
		McKinleyville	Creek	InterCity	Local
Arcata	14.4%	40%			
Eureka	22.6%				
Fortuna	9.9%				
Rio Dell	2.8%				
Trinidad	0.3%				
Humboldt Co.	50.0%	<u>60%</u>	100%	100%	100%
	100.0%	<u>100%</u>	<u>100%</u>	<u>100%</u>	<u>100%</u>

The following is a schedule of Joint Powers Authority members' assessments:

		<u>RTS</u>	DAR/	Lift Arcata	Willow	So	Humboldt	So	Humboldt
			McI	Kinleyville	<u>Creek</u>	<u>I</u> :	nterCity		Local
Arcata	\$	208,163	\$	52,248					
Eureka		327,984							
Fortuna		144,096							
Rio Dell		40,646							
Trinidad		4,468							
Humboldt Co.	-	725,316		79,249	196,062		352,363	_	114,433
	\$	1,450,673	\$	131,497	\$ 196,062	\$	352,363	\$	114,433

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2015

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

B. Basis of Accounting

The Authority's financial statements are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is responsible for establishing GAAP for state and local governments through its pronouncements (Statements and Interpretations). Governmental entities are also required to follow the pronouncements of the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued through November 30, 1989 (when applicable) that do not conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. The Authority has elected to apply FASB pronouncements issued after that date to its business-type activities and enterprise funds.

The Authority uses the accrual method of accounting. Under this method of accounting, revenues are recognized when they are earned and measurable and expenses are recognized when the related liabilities are incurred.

In June 1999, the Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) unanimously approved Statement No. 34, *Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments*. Certain of the significant changes in the Statements include the following:

- 1. Financial statements prepared using full accrual accounting for all the Authority's activities;
- 2. A change in the fund financial statements to focus on the major funds.

These and other changes are reflected in the accompanying financial statements (including notes to financial statements). The Authority had elected to implement the general provisions of the Statement during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2005.

1. Proprietary Funds

The focus of proprietary fund measurement is upon determination of operating income, changes in net position, and cash flows. The generally accepted accounting principles applicable are those similar to businesses in the private sector, namely the accrual method of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when earned and measurable and expenses are recognized when the related liabilities are incurred.

Enterprise funds are required to be used to account for operations for which a fee is charged to external users for goods or services and the activity (a) is financed with debt that is solely secured by a pledge of the net revenues, (b) has third party requirements that the cost of providing services, including capital costs, be recovered with fees and charges or c) established fees and charges based on a pricing policy designed to recover similar costs.

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2015

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

B. Basis of Accounting (continued)

The District provides the following services which are accounted for in separate funds:

Transportation Services:

Redwood Transit System

Eureka Transit Service

Willow Creek Intercity

Southern Humboldt – Intercity (began January 2010)

Southern Humboldt – Local (began January 2010)

Maintenance and Administrative Services:

Eureka DAR Administration

Arcata DAR Administration

AMRTS Maintenance

Humboldt County Office of Education Maintenance

C. Description of Services

The Authority began operations of the Redwood Transit System in August of 1976. As of June 30, 2015 the Authority operated 5 routes, which cover the corridor between the cities of Trinidad to the North and Benbow to the South. Fares range from \$2.75 for senior citizens and the handicapped to \$3.00 for a basic fare. Beginning July 2015, the Tish-Non Village Route was added.

HTA administers, through contracts with local cab companies, a Dial-A-Ride service for senior citizens, mobility impaired persons and those not able to utilize the regular transit system in Arcata, McKinleyville and Eureka.

HTA, through a contract with the City of Eureka operates the Eureka Transit System and, beginning September 1, 1997, began administering the Eureka Dial-a-Ride paratransit service.

In December 2001, HTA contracted with the AMRT&S (Arcata) system to provide bus maintenance, fueling and parking at the HTA facility.

HTA contracted with the County of Humboldt to provide bus service from Arcata to Willow Creek beginning July 2001. HTA also contracted the County of Humboldt to provide bus service in the Southern Humboldt area beginning January 2010.

HTA is contracted to provide regular preventive maintenance and repairs for 11 HCOE public school transit buses. The term of the agreement began July 17, 2013 through July 2016.

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2015

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

D. Property, Plant, and Equipment

The following is a summary of property, plant, and equipment, at cost, less accumulated depreciation:

	2015		2014
Buses	\$	8,576,562	\$ 9,382,018
Other Transportation Equipment		1,673,705	1,625,160
Office Equipment		141,181	135,180
Other Equipment		1,511,141	1,511,141
Real Property - Land		2,164,831	2,164,831
Buildings & Improvements		2,812,454	2,807,222
Subtotal	\$	16,879,874	\$ 17,625,552
Less Accumulated Depreciation	4	(7,561,293)	 (7,567,631)
Total Property, Plant & Equipment	\$	9,318,581	\$ 10,057,921
Property, Plant & Equipment, Beginning Capital Acquisitions	\$	17,625,552 553,861	\$ 15,076,047 2,827,965
Sales/Dispositions		(1,299,539)	(278,460)
Property, Plant, & Equipment, Ending	\$	16,879,874	\$ 17,625,552

Depreciation is calculated using the straight-line method with useful lives as follows:

Buses	3 - 10 years
Other transportation equipment	3 - 15 years
Office equipment	3 - 15 years
Other equipment	3 - 15 years
Buildings	30 years

Construction in Progress at June 30, 2015 amounted to \$18,003 for the Bay Project and Fuel Tank Project.

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2015

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

E. Compensated Absences

HTA has accrued a liability for vacation pay earned as of June 30, 2015 and 2014, in the amount of \$93,756 and \$108,249, respectively.

No liability is recorded for accumulated sick pay, which at June 30, 2015 and 2014, was \$38,320 and \$80,952, respectively.

F. Employee Retirement Plan

Plan Description

HTA contributes to the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS), an agent multiple-employer public employee defined benefit pension plan. CalPERS provide retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. CalPERS acts as a common investment and administrative agent for participating public entities within the state of California. A menu of benefit provisions as well as other requirements is established by State statute within the Public Employees' Retirement Law. HTA selects optional benefits provisions from the benefit menu by contract with CalPERS and adopts those benefits through resolutions of its Board of Directors. Copies of the CalPERS annual financial report may be obtained from the CalPERS Executive Office - 400 P Street - Sacramento, CA 95814. A full description of the pension plan benefit provisions, assumptions for funding purposes, and membership information is listed in the June 30, 2013 Annual Actuarial Valuation Report, the most recent available report. This report is publically available at CalPERS' website under Forms and Publications.

Funding Policy

Participants are required to contribute 7% of their annual covered salary, which HTA pays on their behalf. HTA is required to contribute the actuarially determined remaining amounts necessary to fund the benefits for its members. The actuarial methods and assumptions used are those adopted by the CalPERS Board of Administration. The contribution requirements of the plan members are established by State statute and the employer contribution rate if established and may be amended by CalPERS. The Plan's share of the risk pool's unfunded liability (Market Value) as of the measurement date June 30, 2014 totals \$1,346,438. See Note 1 (R) for GASB 68 recognition of pension liability and Note 5.

On January 1, 2013, the Public Employees' Pension Reform Act of 2013 (PEPRA) took effect. The result will be a shift of new members away from existing pools. The impact of most of the PEPRA changes will affect the contribution rates set for the 2015-2016 fiscal year. The act requires new employees pay at least 50% of the total annual normal cost.

The required employer contribution rates for fiscal year ending June 30, 2015 and 2014 is 12.751% and 11.882%, respectively.

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2015

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

F. Employee Retirement Plan (Continued)

Annual Pension Cost

For fiscal year 2014-2015, HTA's annual pension cost of \$203,417 for CalPERS was equal to HTA's actual contributions. The required contribution was determined as part of the June 30, 2013 actuarial valuation using the entry age normal actuarial cost method. The actuarial assumptions included (a) 7.50% investment rate of return (net of administrative expenses), (b) projected annual salary increases that vary by duration of service ranging from 3.30% to 14.20%. Both (a) and (b) included an inflation component of 2.75% and an annual payroll growth of 3.00%. The actuarial value of CalPERS assets was determined using techniques that smooth the effects of short-term volatility in the market value of investments over a 15-year period (smoothed market value).

Beginning June 30, 2013 CalPERS has adopted a new actuarial methodology that will set the 2015-2016 rates. CalPERS will use an amortization and smoothing policy that will pay for all gains and losses over a fixed 30 year period with the increases or decreases in the rate spread directly over a 5-year period. In addition, effective January 2013, HTA will contribute the full employer share towards the CalPERS retirement formula for bargaining unit employees, and each employee shall contribute the full employee share toward the CalPERS retirement formula through an automatic payroll deduction.

Three-Year Trend Information for CalPERS

Fiscal	Annual Pension Cost	Percentage of	Net Pension
Year	(APC)	APC Contributed	Obligation
6/30/13	187,388	100%	-0-
6/30/14	184,719	100%	-0-
6/30/15	180,508	100%	-0-

G. Commitments

HTA is under contract with City Ambulance, Inc. for Dial-A-Ride and Dial a Lift service in the McKinleyville area. Payments to City Ambulance, Inc. under the contract for the 2014-2015 fiscal year are \$12,203 per month.

The Authority has contracted with the City of Eureka through June 30, 2015 to administer and manage the City's Eureka Transit System. For 2013-2014 the contract amounted to \$899,309. The Sixth Amendment to the contract stipulates that any carryover from the ETS operation at the end of each year will be rolled over to assist with operating expenses for the following year. Any carryover at the end of the contract term will be returned to the City of Eureka once that amount has been confirmed by the annual performance audit. For fiscal year 2014-2015, HTA retained the fare revenue of \$295,884 and billed the City \$53,692 per month for \$644,304 resulting in carryover of \$40,884. In addition, ETS will be responsible for the actual cost of vehicle liability insurance.

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2015

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

H. Allocations

During the year, the following Transportation Development Act (TDA), Article 4 funds were allocated to HTA:

	Operating Funds	Capital Funds
Redwood Transit System	\$ 1,450,673	-
Arcata Dial-A-Ride	131,497	141
Willow Creek	196,062	-
Southern Humboldt - Intercity	352,363	-
Southern Humboldt - Local	114,433	-
Total TDA Funds	\$ 2,245,028	\$ -

I. Restricted Net Assets

Amounts restricted by the Board of Directors for the purposes of future bus acquisition, retiree health insurance, and insurance deductible reserve are presented on the balance sheet as restricted net assets totaling \$929,010 for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2015 and 2014.

Restricted net assets indicate the portions net assets not appropriable for expenditures or amounts legally segregated for a specific future use. These amounts are not available for appropriation and expenditure at the balance sheet date.

Murray Method funds have been deferred for bus acquisitions. At June 30, 2015 and 2014 funds available total \$222,961 and \$22,961, respectively.

J. Cash and Cash Equivalents

All highly liquid investments with a maturity date of three months or less when purchased are considered to be "cash equivalents."

At June 30, 2015, the Authority's cash balances included the following:

Petty cash	\$	100
Cash on deposit with County Treasury	3,4	47,098
Bank of America	6	70,475
	\$ 4,1	17,673

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2015

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

J. Cash and Cash Equivalents (Continued)

Cash on deposit with the County Treasury is part of an investment pool, all of which is invested in securities allowable under the California Government Code. All cash invested by the County in demand deposit accounts is collateralized to 110% with approved U.S. Government securities such as Treasury Bills and other U.S. Governmental agency issues.

Cash on deposit with Bank of America is insured by the FDIC up to \$250,000.

K. Grant Accounting

Grants, entitlements or shared revenues are recorded as non-operating revenues when they are earned and are measurable.

L. Policy for Defining Operating and Non-operating Revenues

Operating revenues consist of passenger fees for services and operating expenses consist of expenses related to providing such services. Non-operating revenues consist of other revenues and expenses such as interest, grants, and government support.

M. Policy for Applying Restricted/Unrestricted Resources

When an expense is incurred for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available, unrestricted resources are applied first.

N. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

O. Accounts Receivable

The direct write-off method is used for recording bad debts relating to accounts receivable. Management believes the use of this method, which is not in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, does not result in amounts that would be materially different if the allowance method was used.

P. Contingent Liabilities

The Authority participates in federal and state grant programs. These programs are subject to program compliance audits by the grantors or their representatives. The audits of these programs have not been completed and the results analyzed by the grantor agencies. Accordingly, the District's compliance with applicable grant requirements will be established at some future date. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the granting agencies cannot be determined at this time.

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2015

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Q. Other Post-Employment Benefits

Plan Description

In addition to the pension benefits described in F. above, HTA provides post-retirement health care benefits, in accordance with State statutes, to all retired employees with at least 5 years of service. For represented employees hired after December 19, 2012 at least 15 years of service are required. The Authority's contribution percent ranges for eligible employees depend on factors such as date of hire and years of service and range from 50% to 100%. Dependent coverage is also provided, ranging from 50% to 95%.

Funding Policy

HTA's current policy is to contribute an amount sufficient to pay the current year's premiums. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015, the Authority contributed \$116,788, which covered current premiums, but did not include any additional prefunding of benefits. Currently, 20 retirees are receiving benefits.

Annual OPEB and Net OPEB Obligation

The Authority's annual other postemployment (OPEB) expense is calculated based on the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC), and an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement No. 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities over a period not to exceed 30 years. The following table shows the components of the Authority's OPEB cost for the year, the account actually contributed to the plan, and changes in the Authority's net OPEB obligation.

	<u>6</u>	5/30/2015	(6/30/2014	6	5/30/2013
Annual required contribution Contributions made	\$	404,075 (116,788)	\$	404,075 (108,028)	\$	404,075 (98,815)
Increase in net OPEB obligations Net OPEB obligation, beginning of fiscal year	·	287,287 1,735,476		296,047 1,439,429		305,260 1,134,169
Net OPEB obligation, end of fiscal year	\$	2,022,763	\$	1,735,476	\$	1,439,429
Percentage of Annual OPEB Cost Contribution		29%		27%		24%

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2015

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Q. Other Post-Employment Benefits (Continued)

Funded Status and Funding Progress

As of March 1, 2013, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the plan was zero percent funded. The actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$4,848,403, and the actuarial value of assets was \$0, resulting in an unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) of \$4,848,403. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$2,026,480, \$1,932,360, and \$1,801,038, for the years ended June 30, 2015, 2014 and 2013, respectively. The ratio of the UAAL to the covered payroll was 41.8%, 39.8%, and 37.1% for the years ended June 30, 2015, 2014 and 2013, respectively.

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, ant the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

In the March 1, 2013 actuarial valuation, the entry age normal cost method was used. The actuarial assumptions included a 5% investment rate of return, a projected salary increase assumption rate of 3%, an annual healthcare cost trend rate of 4% and inflation rate of 3%. The actuarial value of assets is not applicable (no assets as of the initial valuation date). The UAAL is being amortized as a level percentage of payrolls over 30 years.

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2015

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

R. New Accounting Pronouncements

In June 2012, GASB issued Statement 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and Statement 67, Financial Reporting for Pension Plans. In December 2015, GASB issued Statement 78, Pensions Provided through Certain Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plans. Under these new regulations employers are required to record the net pension liability, pension expense, and deferred outflows/deferred inflows of resources related to pensions in their financial statements as part of their financial position.

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability and deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of HTA's California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) plan (the "Plan") and additions to/deductions from the Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by CalPERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when currently due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

In June 2011, the GASB issued Statement 63, Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position, which changed the structure of a government balance sheet.

<u>Deferred Outflow</u> – represents the consumption of a government's net assets that is applicable to a future period.

<u>Deferred Inflow</u> – represents the acquisition of net assets that is applicable to a future reporting period.

In March 2012, GASB issued Statement No. 65, *Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities*, which amends the classification of certain items to be included as deferred inflows and outflows.

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2015

NOTE 2. CONFORMITY WITH TDA REGULATIONS

Excess Operating Funds Received:

The following systems did not meet the compliance requirements of Section 6634 of the California Administrative Code dealing with TDA fund eligibility. Fund eligibility is determined by subtracting actual fare revenues, depreciation, and any federal or state operating funds received for operating expenses. This amount represents the maximum allowable TDA funding for operating expenses for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015.

	Arc	cata DAR		Willow Creek	SoHum Inter City
Operating Costs	\$	123,656	\$	311,996	\$534,240
Less Depreciation		-		(28,829)	(38,430)
Less Fare Revenues		(20,066)		(46,320)	(86,587)
Less Federal Operating Funds		-		(68,705)	(150,000)
Maximum TDA Fund Eligibilty		103,590		168,142	259,223
STAF Operating Funds Received		- (-)		402	500
TDA Funds Received		131,497		196,062	352,363
		131,497	7	196,464	352,863
Excess TDA Funds Received	_\$	27,907	\$	28,322	\$ 93,640

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2015

NOTE 3. FARE BOX RECOVERY RATIOS

Under Sections 6633.2 and 6633.5 of the Transportation Development Act regulations, the fixed route and demand response services must maintain specific fare box recovery ratios. Below is a calculation of the fare box recovery ratios for Redwood Transit Service, Arcata Dial-a-Ride and Willow Creek service and Southern Humboldt routes:

		Redwood Transit		
Fare Revenue	\$	1,167,819		
RTS Operating Costs	\$	4,312,072		
Depreciation		(1,072,511)		
Adjusted Operating Costs	\$	3,239,561		
Fare Box Recovery Ratio		36.05%		
Required Fare Box Recovery Ratio		26.40%		

	Will	low Creek
Fare Revenue	\$	46,320
RTS Operating Costs	\$	311,996
Depreciation	2	(28,829)
Adjusted Operating Costs	\$	283,167
Fare Box Recovery Ratio		16.36%
Required Fare Box Recovery Ratio		10.00%

		lum InterCity
Fare Revenue	\$	86,587
RTS Operating Costs	\$	534,240
Depreciation		(38,430)
Adjusted Operating Costs	\$	495,810
Fare Box Recovery Ratio		17.46%
Required Fare Box Recovery Ratio		10.00%

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2015

NOTE 3. FARE BOX RECOVERY RATIOS (CONTINUED)

	SoHum Local		
Fare Revenue	\$	16,433	
RTS Operating Costs	\$	162,384	
Depreciation		(20,670)	
Adjusted Operating Costs	\$	141,714	
Fare Box Recovery Ratio		11.60%	
Required Fare Box Recovery Ratio		10.00%	

	Arc	ata DAR
Fare Revenue	\$	20,066
RTS Operating Costs	\$	123,656
Depreciation		_
Adjusted Operating Costs	\$	123,656
Fare Box Recovery Ratio		16.23%
Required Fare Box Recovery Ratio		10.00%

NOTE 4. RISK MANAGEMENT

The Authority is exposed to various risks of losses related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Authority insures against such losses with an insurance policy issued through the California Transit Insurance Pool (CalTip), a joint powers insurance authority. The coverage includes general, automobile, and public officials' errors & omissions liability, as well as vehicle physical damage insurance to a total of \$40 million, with a deductible of \$50,000 per occurrence which HTA has restricted in fund equity as insurance deductible reserves for the equivalent of two claims. HTA is not currently involved in litigation matters.

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2015

NOTE 5. PENSION PLAN

A. General Information about the Pension Plan

Plan Description - All qualified full-time and part-time employees are eligible to participate in HTA's Miscellaneous Employee Pension Plan, a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS). Benefit provisions under the Plan are established by State statute and District resolution. CalPERS issues publicly available reports that include a full description of the pension plan regarding benefit provisions, assumptions, and membership information. These reports can be obtained at CalPERS' website under "Forms and Publications".

Benefits Provided – CalPERS provides service retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members, who must be public employees and beneficiaries. Benefits are based on years of credited service, equal to one year of full time employment. Members hired prior to January 1, 2013 with five years of total service are eligible to retire at age 50 with statutorily reduced benefits. Members hired on or after January 1, 2013 with five years of total service are eligible to retire at age 52 with statutorily reduced benefits. All members are eligible for non-duty disability benefits after 10 years of service. The death benefit is one of the following: the Basic Death Benefit, the 1957 Survivor Benefit, or the Optional Settlement 2W Death Benefit. The cost of living adjustments for the Plan are applied as specified by the Public Employees' Retirement Law.

The Plan's provisions and benefits in effect at June 30, 2015 are summarized as follows:

Hire Date	Prior to Jan 1, 2011	Jan 1, 2011 through Dec 31, 2012	On or after Jan 1, 2013
Benefit Formula Benefit Vesting Schedule	2% at 55 5 years service	2% at 60 5 years service	2% at 62 5 years service
Benefit Payments Retirement Age	Monthly for life 50-63	Monthly for life 50-63	Monthly for life 52-67
Monthly benefits as a % of eligible compensation	1.10% to 2.5%	1.092% to 2.418%	1.0% to 2.5%

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2015

NOTE 5. PENSION PLAN (Continued)

Contributions – Section 20814(c) of the California Public Employees' Retirement Law requires that the employer contribution rates for all public employers be determined on an annual basis by the actuary and shall be effective on the July 1 following notice of a change in the rate. The total plan contributions are determined through CalPERS' annual actuarial valuation process. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. HTA is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of employees. For the measurement period ended June 30, 2014 (the measurement date), the average active employee contribution rate is 6.891 percent of annual pay, and the employer's contribution rate is 11.882 percent of annual payroll. It is the responsibility of HTA to make necessary accounting adjustments to reflect the impact due to any Employer Paid Member Contributions or situations where members are paying a portion of the employer contribution.

For the year ended June 30, 2015, the actuarially determined contributions recognized as part of pension expense for the Plan were as follows:

Contributions - Employer	\$ 183,998
Contributions - Employee (Paid by Employer)	=
Total Contributions	\$ 183,998

B. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expenses and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

As of June 30, 2015, HTA reported net pension liabilities for its proportionate shares of the net pension liability in the amount of \$1,346,438.

HTA's net pension liability for the Plan is measured as the proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability of the Plan is measured as of June 30, 2014, and the total pension liability for the Plan used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2013 rolled forward to June 30, 2014 using standard update procedures. HTA's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of HTA's long-term share of contributions to the Plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. HTA's proportionate share of the net pension liability for the Plan as of June 30, 2014 and 2013 was as follows:

	CalPERS
Proportion - June 30, 2013	0.05412%
Proportion - June 30, 2014	0.05448%
Change - Increase (Decrease)	-0.00036%

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2015

NOTE 5. PENSION PLAN (Continued)

For the year ended June 30, 2015, HTA recognized pension expense of \$178,546. At June 30, 2015, HTA reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred	D	eferred
	Outflows of	In	flows of
	Resources	Re	esources
Pension contributions subsequent to measurement	date \$ 203,417	\$	-
Differences between the employer's contributions	and		
the employer's proportionate share of contributi	ons 24,745		-
Change in employer's proportion	.=		39,591
Net difference between projected and actual earnir	ngs on		
plan investments	-		399,677
Tota	\$ 228,162	\$	439,268

\$203,417 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2016. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized as pension expense as follows:

Year Ended		Increase			
June 30	(Decrease)				
2016	\$	(105,222)			
2017		(105,221)			
2018		(104,161)			
2019		(99,919)			
Total	\$	(414,523)			

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2015

NOTE 5. PENSION PLAN (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions – For the measurement period ended June 30, 2014 (the measurement date), the total pension liability for the Plan was determined by rolling forward the June 30, 2013 total pension liability. The June 30, 2013 and June 30, 2014 total pension liabilities for the Plan were based on the following actuarial assumptions:

Actuarial Cost Method	Entry-age normal cost method
Actuarial Assumptions:	
Discount Rate	7.50%
Inflation	2.75%
Payroll Growth	3.0%
Projected Salary Increase	Varies by entry age and service
Investment Rate of Return	7.5% (a)
Mortality	Derived using CalPERS's
-	membership data for all funds
Post Retirement Benefit Increase	purchasing power protection
	allowance floor applies, 2.75%
	thereafter

(a) - Net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

The mortality table used was developed based on CalPERS specific data. The table includes 20 years of mortality improvements using Society of Actuaries Scale BB. For more details on this table, please refer to the 2014 experience study report.

All other actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2013 valuation were based on the results of a January 2014 actuarial experience study for the period from 1997 to 2011, including updates to salary increase, mortality, and retirement rates. Further details of the Experience Study can found on the CalPERS website under Forms and Publications.

Discount Rate — The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.50 percent. To determine whether the municipal bond rate should be used in the calculation of a discount rate for each plan, CalPERS stress tested plans that would most likely result in a discount rate that would be different from the actuarially assumed discount rate. Based on the testing, none of the tested plans run out of assets. Therefore, the current 7.50 percent discount rate is adequate and the use of the municipal bond rate calculation is not necessary. The long term expected discount rate of 7.50 percent is applied to all plans in the Public Employees Retirement Fund. The stress test results are presented in a detailed report called "GASB Crossover Testing Report" that can be obtained at CalPERS' website under the GASB 68 section.

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2015

NOTE 5. PENSION PLAN (Continued)

According to Paragraph 30 of Statement 68, the long-term discount rate should be determined without reduction for pension plan administrative expense. The 7.50 percent investment return assumption used in this accounting valuation is net of administrative expenses. Administrative expenses are assumed to be 15 basis points. An investment return excluding administrative expenses would have been 7.65 percent. Using this lower discount rate has resulted in a slightly higher total pension liability and net pension liability. CalPERS deemed this difference to be immaterial to the Public Agency Cost-Sharing Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plan.

CalPERS is scheduled to review all actuarial assumptions as part of its regular Asset Liability Management (ALM) review cycle that is scheduled to be completed in February 2018. Any changes to the discount rate will require Board action and proper stakeholder outreach. For these reasons, CalPERS expects to continue using a discount rate net of administrative expenses for GASB 67 and 68 calculations through at least the 2017-18 fiscal year. CalPERS will continue to check the materiality of the difference in calculation until such time as we have changed our methodology.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class.

In determining the long-term expected rate of return, CalPERS staff took into account both short-term and long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund cash flows. Such cash flows were developed assuming that both members and employers will make their required contributions on time and as scheduled in all future years. Using historical returns of all the funds' asset classes, expected compound (geometric) returns were calculated over the short-term (first 10 years) and the long-term (11-60 years) using a building-block approach. Using the expected nominal returns for both short-term and long-term, the present value of benefits was calculated for each fund. The expected rate of return was set by calculating the single equivalent expected return that arrived at the same present value of benefits for cash flows as the one calculated using both short-term and long-term returns. The expected rate of return was then set equivalent to the single equivalent rate calculated above and rounded down to the nearest one quarter of one percent.

The table below reflects the long-term expected real rate of return by asset class. The rate of return was calculated using the capital market assumptions applied to determine the discount rate and asset allocation. These rates of return are net of administrative expenses.

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2015

NOTE 5. PENSION PLAN (Continued)

	New Strategic	Real Return	Real Return Years		
Asset Class	Allocation	Years 1 - 10 (a)	11+ (b)		
Global Equity	47%	5.25%	5.71%		
Global Fixed Income	19%	0.99%	2.43%		
Inflation Sensitive	6%	0.45%	3.36%		
Private Equity	12%	6.83%	6.95%		
Real Estate	11%	4.50%	5.13%		
Infrastructure and Forestland	3%	4.50%	5.09%		
Liquidity	2%	-0.55%	-1.05%		
	100%				

⁽a) - An expected inflation of 2.5% used for this period

Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate – The following presents HTA's proportionate share of the net pension liability for the Plan, calculated using the discount rate for the Plan, as well as what HTA's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower or 1-percentage point higher than the current rate:

	Discount Rate less 1% 6.5%	Current Discount 7.5%	Discount Rate plus 1 8.5%		
Net pension liability	\$2,296,981	\$1,346,438	\$557,577		

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position – Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CalPERS financial reports available on CalPERS' website under Forms and Publications.

C. Payable to the Pension Plan

At June 30, 2015, HTA reported no amount payable for the outstanding amount of contributions to the pension plan required for the year ended June 30, 2015.

⁽b) - An expected inflation of 3.0% used for this period

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2015

NOTE 6. CAPITAL GRANTS - PUBLIC TRANSPORTATION MODERNIZATION

IMPROVEMENT AND SERVICE ENHANCEMENT ACCOUNT

In November 2006, California voters passed a bond measure enacting the Highway Safety, Air Quality and Port Security Bond of 2006. Of the \$19.925 billion of State general obligation bonds authorized, \$4 billion was set aside by the State as instructed by the statute as the Public Transportation Modernization Improvement and Service Enhancement Account (PTMISEA). These funds are available to the California Department of Transportation for intercity rail projects and to transit operators in California for rehabilitation, safety or modernization improvements, capital service enhancements or expansions, capital projects, rapid transit improvements or rolling stock procurement, rehabilitation, & replacement.

As of June 30, 2015, PTMISEA funds received and expended were verified in the course of our audit as follows:

Unexpended PTMISEA Funds at June 30, 2014	\$	9,546
PTMISEA funds received 2014-2015		1,103,589
Interest earned through June 30, 2015		2,092
Subtotal		1,115,227
Expenditures Remitted to City of Fortuna Subtotal	_	(4,485) (4,485)
Unexpended PTMISEA funds at June 30, 2015	\$	1,110,742

NOTE 7. PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT

Recognition of the Pension Plan's proportionate share of the risk pool collective net pension liability over the measurement period resulted in adjusting Humboldt Transit Authority's net position.

NOTE 8. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Management has evaluated all known events and transactions for potential recognition or disclosure through January 6, 2016, the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

HUMBOLDT TRANSIT AUTHORITY Combining Schedule of Net Position June 30, 2015

ASSETS

		RTS		MRTS IAINT.		VILLOW CREEK		ETS	-	ADAR	со	RRIDOR DAR		OHUM- TERCITY		OHUM- LOCAL		TOTAL
Current Assets			100		02						25	-			V-		0.02	A
Cash and Cash Equivalents																		
On Hand and in Deposit Accounts	\$	2,408,700	\$	(6,909)	\$	275,599	\$	(168,331)	\$	86,098	\$	14,678	S	286,406	\$	110,689	\$	3,006,930
Restricted Cash(Prop 1B)		1,033,743		-		77,000		-		-		-		(-				1,110,743
Total Cash and Cash Equivalents	:10-	3,442,443	202	(6,909)		352,599		(168,331)		86,098		14,678		286,406		110,689	55.6	4,117,673
Accounts Receivable		282,216		10,541		· ·		246,439		-		3 4 5		1000		2		539,196
Grant Receivables		72,500		50000000 8550 # # 0		-		ADEXIA PERSONALIAN		-		-		27. - 1		-		72,500
Employee Advances		403		57 <u>4</u> 6		2		2		2		(2)		12		2		403
Materials and Supplies Inventory (at cost)		276,447		741		~		-		-		125		1740 1740		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		276,447
Prepaid Expenses		138,217		-		_				_		_		-		_		138,217
Total Current Assets	65	4,212,226	W 	3,632	7	352,599	25	78,108	-	86,098		14,678	_	286,406	-	110,689	5.E	5,144,436
Total Cultent Planets	-	7,212,220	-	3,032	-	332,377	-	70,100	-	00,070	*	14,070	-	200,400	-	110,000	O.O.	3,144,430
Property, Plant and Equipment, Net	83	8,455,302	\\(<u></u>			135,027)-L		-					632,772		113,484		9,336,585
Deferred Outflows of Resources	7	228,162	%·											:#t		<u>=</u>		228,162
Managarana was parakasa	55		52	cocca	260	CORRECT SWITES	2	3475027698	108									
TOTAL ASSETS	_\$	12,895,690	_\$	3,632		487,626	\$	78,108		86,098	\$	14,678	\$	919,178	\$	224,173	_\$_	14,709,183
				AS-real-real-real-real-real-real-real-real	2000	TIES AND	NET P	POSITION										
				MRTS		VILLOW						RRIDOR		OHUM-		OHUM-		
		RTS	M	AINT.		CREEK		ETS	_	ADAR		DAR	IN	TERCITY	L	OCAL	_	TOTAL
Current Liabilities																		
Trade Payable	\$	41,093	\$	12,747	\$	-	\$	4,640	\$	6,639	\$	3,678	\$	92 <u>4</u> 0	\$	-	\$	68,797
Insurance Payable		126,820		5 5 /8		=		2.50		-				300		*		126,820
DAR Liability		207,686		-		8		-		8		÷		-				207,686
Deferred Income		662,805		107		-		640		=		-		(4)		20		662,912
Deferred Income- Prop 1B PTMISEA		1,022,508		1,72		77,000		(5)		-		-		(=)		=		1,099,508
Deferred Fare Revenue		163,002		-		8		E		*		8		###		8		163,002
Accrued Payroll Liabilities		191,953		S#S		-		1 -2				<u> </u>		5=6_		-		191,953
Total Current Liabilities		2,415,867	2.	12,854		77,000		4,640		6,639		3,678		(*)			-	2,520,678
4						***	3											
Long-Term Liabilities																		
Lease Deposit		3,000		-		-		(•		-		-		100		11-0		3,000
Pension Liability		766,325		62M		2,356		402,720		2		2		148,108		26,929		1,346,438
Net OPEB Obligation		1,151,256		_		3,540		605,008		_		2		222,504		40,455		2,022,763
Total Long-Term Liabilities		1,920,581			-	5,896	-	1,007,728	-				0	370,612	0	67,384		3,372,201
Total Eoug-Term Elabinities	5	1,920,361	0. 		-	3,890	-	1,007,728	-		-		_	370,012	-	07,304	-	3,372,201
TOTAL LIABILITIES	7-	4,336,448	5%	12,854		82,896		1,012,368		6,639		3,678		370,612		67,384		5,892,879
D. C LL G C. C. C.		120.000																120.000
Deferred Inflows of Resources		439,268					_										-	439,268
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of		A TEST DOW				11223300								200 250		110101		0 101 255
Related Debt	-	8,455,302	-			135,027								632,772		113,484		9,336,585
Restricted Net Position																		
Insurance Deductible Reserve		100,000		~		72		720		62		=		2 7		620		100,000
Equipment Acquisition		745,726				2,673		-		(100)		-		3 4 C		65,611		814,010
Retiree's Heath Insurance		15,000				(7)		50		1.7				ia.				15,000
Total Restricted Net Position		860,726				2,673		28							4	65,611		929,010
Unrestricted Net Position	<u> </u>	(1,196,054)		(9,222)		267,030		(934,260)	1	79,459		11,000		(84,206)		(22,306)		(1,888,559)
													9				12	
Total Net Position		8,119,974		(9,222)		404,730	_	(934,260)	-	79,459		11,000	,	548,566		156,789		8,377,036
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION	\$	12,895,690	\$	3,632	\$	487,626	\$	78,108	\$	86,098	\$	14,678	\$	919,178	\$	224,173	\$	14,709,183

Combining Schedule of Revenues. Expenses, and Changes in Net Position For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

	RTS	AMRTS MAINT.	WILLOW CREEK	ETS	ADAR	CORRIDOR DAR	SOHUM- INTERCITY	SOHUM- LOCAL	TOTAL
OPERATING REVENUES									
Fares	\$ 933,688	s -	\$ 42,984	\$ 295,884	\$ 20,076	s -	\$ 86,587	\$ 16,433	\$ 1,395,652
Contract Transportation	234,131	90,000	3,336	644,304	-	16,000	5	-	987,771
Other Operating Revenue	74,709	54,652	46.220	61,579	(10)	16,000	- 06 505	16 (00	190,930
Total Operating Revenues	1,242,528	144,652	46,320	1,001,767	20,066	16,000	86,587	16,433	2,574,353
OPERATING EXPENSES									
Labor and Benefits	2,538,504	76,607	96,996	626,563	1,000	5,000	237,822	72,929	3,655,421
Professional Services	101,443	-	-		-	-	-		101,443
Purchased Transportation	¥	4	-		122,030	Y-2	<u>-</u>	-	122,030
Repairs, Supplies, & Maintenance	501,815	76,102	127,093	263,889	626	13,500	205,311	51,192	1,239,528
Casualty and Liability Insurance	104,147	-	13,198	1,512	1,00	1.	22,423	10,426	151,706
Utilities	61,336	-	22	82	-		5	1	61,446
Leases and Rentals	6,869	-	95	7.5	-	150		-	6,869
Administration	(91,852)	473	45,858	79,788	-		30,249	7,166	71,682
Travel and Transportation	12,629	-	•	(0)	•	· ·	養	-	12,629
Advertising	4,670	-	-	-	4		-	2	4,670
Depreciation	1,072,511		28,829		-	-	38,430	20,670	1,160,440
Total Operating Expenses	4,312,072	153,182	311,996	971,834	123,656	18,500	534,240	162,384	6,587,864
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	(3,069,544)	(8,530)	(265,676)	29,933	(103,590)	(2,500)	(447,653)	(145,951)	(4,013,511)
NONOPERATING REVENUES									
Advertising	14,400	-	-	•			-	-	14,400
Rents & Leases	96,336		-	· .	-	-	-	-	96,336
Operating Grants									
TDA Assessments	1,450,707	-	251,949	-	131,497	7/27	352,363	114,433	2,300,949
Excess TDA Assessments Repaid	-	8 4 0	(55,887)	9	÷			-	(55,887)
Federal - FTA	-	(10)	68,705	-			150,000	-	218,705
State Operating - STAF	310,661	151	402	(7,176)	-	13,500	500	4,270	322,308
Interest Income	17,478	-	÷		1700	-	-	-	17,478
Loss on Disposal of Capital Assets	14,500		(43,294)	-	*	-		<u>~</u>	(28,794)
Miscellaneous	(147)		(90)	(156)	-	190	(60)	(14)	(467)
Capital Expense Reimbursement	-	-					-		
Total Nonoperating Revenues	1,903,935	151	221,785	(7,332)	131,497	13,500	502,803	118,689	2,885,028
CHANGE IN NET POSITION BEFORE									
CAPITAL GRANTS	(1,165,609)	(8,379)	(43,891)	22,601	27,907	11,000	55,150	(27,262)	(1,128,483)
CAPITAL GRANTS Capital Grants:									
Federal - FTA							530,000		530,000
State - Prop 1B PTMISEA		-	-		5		330,000		330,000
State - FTOP TO FTONISEA State - STAF / Cal EMA	35,829	-	-	(606)	5	(E)	·*		35,223
County	33,829			(000)			_	-	33,223
Total Capital Grants	35,829			(606)			530,000	-	565,223
	A STATE OF THE STA			2000					
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	\$ (1,129,780)	\$ (8,379)	\$ (43,891)	\$ 21,995	\$ 27,907	\$ 11,000	\$ 585,150	\$ (27,262)	\$ (563,260)
NET POSITION, BEGINNING OF YEAR	\$ 10,150,232	\$ (843)	\$ 451,546	\$ (482,955)	\$ 51,552	S -	\$ 137,481	\$ 215,699	\$ 10,522,712
PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT	(900,632)	8 	(2,770)	(473,300)	*		(174,066)	(31,648)	(1,582,416)
NET POSITION, END OF YEAR	\$ 8,119,820	\$ (9,222)	\$ 404,885	\$ (934,260)	\$ 79,459	\$ 11,000	\$ 548,565	\$ 156,789	\$ 8,377,036

HUMBOLDT TRANSIT AUTHORITY Combining Schedule of Net Position June 30, 2014

ASSETS

		RTS	AMRTS MAINT.	WILLOW CREEK	ETS	ADAR	CORRIDOR DAR	SOHUM- INTERCITY	SOHUM- LOCAL	TOTAL
On Hand and in Deposit Accounts \$ 1,795,434 \$ (10,243) \$ 214,243 \$ 61,655 \$ 51,552 \$ 10,858 \$ 104,542 \$ 165,835 \$ 2,393,876 9,54										
Restricted Cash		142 H 2022/00/2009		20 22 22 22				* ****		
Total Cash and Cash Equivalents 1,804,980 (10,243) 214,243 61,655 51,552 10,858 104,542 165,835 2,403,422 Accounts Receivable 32,171 18,083 - 37,546 - 16,725 - - 104,525 Grant Receivables 680,000 (233) 68,705 43,009 - - 150,000 - 941,481 Employee Advances 567 - - - - - - - 567 Materials and Supplies Inventory (at cost) 221,328 -			\$ (10,243)	\$ 214,243	\$ 61,655	\$ 51,552	\$ 10,858	\$ 104,542	\$ 165,835	The second second second
Accounts Receivable 32,171 18,083 - 37,546 - 16,725 - 104,525 Grant Receivables 680,000 (233) 68,705 43,009 - 150,000 - 941,481 Employee Advances 567 567 Materials and Supplies Inventory (at cost) 221,328 221,328 Prepaid Expenses 113,750 113,750 Total Current Assets 2,852,796 7,607 282,948 142,210 51,552 27,583 254,542 165,835 3,785,073 Capital Parts 9,488,941 - 296,770 138,056 134,154 10,057,921			(10.242)	214 242	(1.655	£1.550	10.050	104.542	165 025	
Grant Receivables 680,000 (233) 68,705 43,009 - - 150,000 - 941,481 Employee Advances 567 - - - - - 567 Materials and Supplies Inventory (at cost) 221,328 - - - - - - 221,328 Prepaid Expenses 113,750 - - - - - - - 113,750 Total Current Assets 2,852,796 7,607 282,948 142,210 51,552 27,583 254,542 165,835 3,785,073 Capital Parts - <td>1 otal Cash and Cash Equivalents</td> <td>1,804,980</td> <td>(10,243)</td> <td>214,243</td> <td>61,655</td> <td>51,552</td> <td>10,858</td> <td>104,542</td> <td>105,855</td> <td>2,403,422</td>	1 otal Cash and Cash Equivalents	1,804,980	(10,243)	214,243	61,655	51,552	10,858	104,542	105,855	2,403,422
Grant Receivables 680,000 (233) 68,705 43,009 - - 150,000 - 941,481 Employee Advances 567 - - - - - 567 Materials and Supplies Inventory (at cost) 221,328 - - - - - - 221,328 Prepaid Expenses 113,750 - - - - - - - 113,750 Total Current Assets 2,852,796 7,607 282,948 142,210 51,552 27,583 254,542 165,835 3,785,073 Capital Parts - <td>Accounts Passivable</td> <td>22 171</td> <td>19 092</td> <td>0/26</td> <td>37 546</td> <td>52</td> <td>16 725</td> <td>2</td> <td>SEE:</td> <td>104 525</td>	Accounts Passivable	22 171	19 092	0/26	37 546	52	16 725	2	SEE:	104 525
Employee Advances 567 - - - - 567 Materials and Supplies Inventory (at cost) 221,328 - - - - 221,328 Prepaid Expenses 113,750 - - - - - 113,750 Total Current Assets 2,852,796 7,607 282,948 142,210 51,552 27,583 254,542 165,835 3,785,073 Capital Parts -			FOR MANAGED STATE OF THE PARTY	68 705		_	10,725	150,000		
Materials and Supplies Inventory (at cost) 221,328 - - - - - - 221,328 Prepaid Expenses 113,750 -			(233)	00,705	+5,005	_		150,000	1=1	
Prepaid Expenses 113,750 -			.=	n=	_	_		-		
Total Current Assets 2,852,796 7,607 282,948 142,210 51,552 27,583 254,542 165,835 3,785,073 Capital Parts -			-	~	-			-	2.74	
Capital Parts - <			7,607	282,948	142,210	51,552	27,583	254,542	165,835	
Work in Progress -	·									
Property, Plant and Equipment, Net 9,488,941 - 296,770 - - - 138,056 134,154 10,057,921	Capital Parts	-	121	(22)	2	2	20	-	(=)	(=)
	Work in Progress	(a)	0.00	80 - 0		-	180		-	1=1
TOTAL ACCETCS 6 12 241 727 6 7 (07 6 570 719 6 142 210 6 21 522 6 202 500 6 200 000 6 12 042 004	Property, Plant and Equipment, Net	9,488,941		296,770	-	-	-	138,056	134,154	10,057,921
101AL ASSE1S \$ 12,341,137 \$ 7,007 \$ 579,718 \$ 142,210 \$ 51,552 \$ 27,585 \$ 392,598 \$ 299,989 \$ 15,642,394	TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 12,341,737	\$ 7,607	\$ 579,718	\$ 142,210	\$ 51,552	\$ 27,583	\$ 392,598	\$ 299,989	\$ 13,842,994
LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION			LIABIL	ITIES AND NE	T POSITION		e Color			
			Note The Land State Co.	roundance to real way or				and a second		
AMRTS WILLOW CORRIDOR SOHUM-SOHUM-		-								momax
RTS MAINT. CREEK ETS ADAR DAR INTERCITY LOCAL TOTAL		RTS	MAINT.	CREEK	EIS	ADAR	DAR	INTERCTIY	LOCAL	TOTAL
Current Liabilities Trade Payable \$ 86,265 \$ 8,450 \$ 348 \$ 329,492 \$ 27,583 \$ 6,426 \$ 1,645 \$ 460,209		6 9/3/5	¢ 0.450	6 240	£ 220.402		C 27 502	6 6 426	¢ 1.645	\$ 460,209
The state of the s			\$ 8,450	mus conserv	3 329,492		\$ 27,383	5 0,420	5 1,043	103,073
			-		-	-	-	-	7000	187,895
Deferred Income 521,881 521,881	선생님 사실 중에게 나타면 있는 100mm Her 다				-			-		
		321,001	-		-	-	-	-	C#-3	404
		123 100	3,5%	404	-		#5-1			123,190
		0.5	95.4 525	1977 1923		-	(51) (2)		100	188,154
			8.450		329 492		27 583	6.426	1 645	1,584,806
Total Current Elaborates 1,210,750 0,750 752 522,752 527,500 0,750 1,000	Total Current Elabilities	1,210,436	0,430		325,452			- 0,120		
Long-Term Liabilities	Long-Term Liabilities									
		981.047	-	127,420	295,673	-	-	248,691	82,645	1,735,476
	9						-		82,645	1,735,476
	\$ 7						89 1 12	\$		****
TOTAL LIABILITIES 2,191,505 8,450 128,172 625,165 - 27,583 255,117 84,290 3,320,282	TOTAL LIABILITIES	2,191,505	8,450	128,172	625,165		27,583	255,117	84,290	3,320,282
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of	Invested in Capital Assets, Net of									
<u>Related Debt</u> 9,488,941 - 296,770 138,056 134,154 10,057,921	Related Debt	9,488,941		296,770	<u> </u>			138,056	134,154	10,057,921
Restricted Net Position	The state of the s									
			320	ME(€	2	-	2		100,000
			197	2,673	-	#	*	*	65,611	814,010
			3.00							15,000
Total Restricted Net Position 860,726 - 2,673 65,611 929,010	Total Restricted Net Position	860,726	<u> </u>	2,673			·		65,611	929,010
<u>Unrestricted Net Position</u> (199,435) (843) 152,103 (482,955) 51,552 - (575) 15,934 (464,219)	Unrestricted Net Position	(199,435)	(843)	152,103_	(482,955)	51,552		(575)	15,934	(464,219)
<u>Total Net Position</u> 10,150,232 (843) 451,546 (482,955) 51,552 - 137,481 215,699 10,522,712	Total Net Position	10,150,232	(843)	451,546	(482,955)	51,552		137,481_	215,699	10,522,712
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION \$ 12,341,737 \$ 7,607 \$ 579,718 \$ 142,210 \$ 51,552 \$ 27,583 \$ 392,598 \$ 299,989 \$ 13,842,994	TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION	\$ 12,341,737	\$ 7,607	\$ 579,718	\$ 142,210	\$ 51,552	\$ 27,583	\$ 392,598	\$ 299,989	\$ 13,842,994

HUMBOLDT TRANSIT AUTHORITY

Combining Schedule of Revenues. Expenses, and Changes in Net Position For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

	RTS	AMRTS MAINT.	WILLOW CREEK	ETS	ADAR	CORRIDOR DAR	SOHUM- INTERCITY	SOHUM- LOCAL	TOTAL
OPERATING REVENUES									
Fares	\$ 927,434	\$ -	\$ 39,651	\$ -	\$ 28,488	\$ -	\$ 77,086	\$ 13,879	\$ 1,086,538
Contract Transportation	210,000	90,000	7,092	885,883	₩ <u>₩</u>	VI20000	2	1200	1,192,975
Other Operating Revenue	159,287	94,532	::•	185	(H)	15,926	-	800	270,730
Advertising	13,200								13,200
Total Operating Revenues	1,309,921	184,532	46,743	886,068	28,488	15,926	77,086	14,679	2,563,443
OPERATING EXPENSES									0.000000
Labor and Benefits	2,403,870	76,986	100,877	641,160	1,597	5,404	234,790	50,284	3,514,968
Professional Services	45,331	84) <u>*</u>	320	7	=	-	4	45,331
Purchased Transportation	-	(0.00)	-	X =	146,436			*	146,436
Repairs, Supplies, & Maintenance	835,639	107,554	134,273	283,645	8,70	938	209,700	52,980	1,624,729
Casualty and Liability Insurance	115,988	1043	9,848	7,089	\$ <u>~</u>	9	30,524	12,767	176,216
Utilities	59,977	38	34	63	S#0	-	63	20	60,195
Leases and Rentals	7,100	1/7		37	875	=	58.00	Ž	7,100
Miscellaneous Admin	(99,157)	19	46,264	67,360	-	F	39,514	5,943	59,924
Advertising	3,725	1941	58	754	-	2	87	57	3,927
Travel and Transportation	18,609	596	98	10 0 1	75	*			18,707
Depreciation	906,916	95	33,228	-			25,101	12,219	977,464
Total Operating Expenses	4,297,998	184,578	324,680	999,317	148,033	6,342	539,779	134,270	6,634,997
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	(2,988,077)	(46)	(277,937)	(113,249)	(119,545)	9,584	(462,693)	(119,591)	(4,071,554)
NONOPERATING REVENUES									
Operating Grants	1 400 100		244 (11		120 702		216.047	127 152	2.250.784
TDA Assessments	1,422,180	-	244,611		130,793	-	316,047	137,153	(200,114)
Excess TDA Assessments Repaid	-	₹₩	(57,153)		-	-	(142,961)	-	241,607
Federal - FTA	1.00 000	X 2	91,607	21 421	1.100		150,000	6,953	217,070
State Operating - STAF	162,779		6,794	21,431	1,180		17,933	0,933	26,574
Interest Income	26,574	14	320	-	(-	-	-	-	
Loss on Disposal of Capital Assets	(71,456)	390	50 0 0	200	500		-		(71,456)
Miscellaneous	585								585
Capital Expense Reimbursement					101.000			111106	
Total Nonoperating Revenues	1,540,662	1041	285,859	21,431	131,973	-	341,019	144,106	2,465,050
CHANGE IN NET POSITION BEFORE									
CAPITAL GRANTS	(1,447,415)	(46)	7,922	(91,818)	12,428	9,584	(121,674)	24,515	(1,606,504)
CAPITAL GRANTS									
Capital Grants:									
Federal - FTA	680,000	(=)	5 # 3	1.5	:55	≅	*	₩	680,000
State - Prop 1B PTMISEA	1,693,764	150							1,693,764
State - STAF	123,442	727							123,442
State - Cal EMA	18,127	1941		6,187					24,314
County	200,000	2番3							200,000
Capital Grants to Others			-		72		- <u> </u>	2	
Total Capital Grants	2,715,333		-	6,187		·		-	2,721,520
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	\$ 1,267,918	\$ (46)	\$ 7,922	\$ (85,631)	\$ 12,428	\$ 9,584	\$ (121,674)	\$ 24,515	\$ 1,115,016
NET POSITION, BEGINNING OF YEAR	\$ 9,167,997	\$ (504)	\$ 410,021	\$ (380,955)	\$ 39,124	\$ (9,584)	\$ 96,000	\$ 85,597	\$ 9,407,696
TRANSFER	(285,683)	(293)	33,603	(16,369)	1 2 5		163,155	105,587	85
PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT		<u> </u>	-					-	
NET POSITION, END OF YEAR	\$ 10,150,232	\$ (843)	\$ 451,546	\$ (482,955)	\$ 51,552	<u>s -</u>	\$ 137,481	\$ 215,699	\$ 10,522,712

HUMBOLDT TRANSIT AUTHORITY <u>SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS FOR THE LAST TEN YEARS *</u> <u>CALIFORNIA PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM</u> June 30, 2015

	J	une 30, 2015
Contractually required contribution (actuarially determined)	\$	183,998
Contribution in relation to the actuarially determined contribution Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	(183,998)
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 1	1,701,088
Contributions as a percentage of covered- employee payroll		10.82%

NOTES TO SCHEDULE:

Actuarial valuation date 6/30/2013

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial funding method Entry age normal cost

Amortization method Level percentage of payroll, closed

Remaining amortization period 20 years (a)
Asset valuation method Smoothed value

Inflation 2.75%

Salary increases Varies by entry age and service Investment rate of return 7.5%, net of pension plan investment

expense

Retirement age 60 years

Mortality CalPERS Mortality Experience Study

(a) - Actuarial Policy ACT-96-0SE specifies that all changes in liability due to plan amendments, changes in actuarial assumptions, or changes in actuarial methodology are amortized separately over a 20-year period. In addition, all gains or losses are tracked and the net unamortized gain or loss is amortized as a rolling 30-year amortization with the exception of gains and losses in fiscal years 2008-09, 2009-10 and 2010-11 in which each years' gains or losses will be isolated and amortized over fixed and declining 30-year periods (as opposed to the current rolling 30-year amortization). Also, if a plan's accrued liability exceeds the actuarial value of assets, the annual contribution with respect to the total unfunded liability may not be less than the amount produced by a 30-year amortization of the unfunded liability. Finally, all plans are subject to a minimum employer contribution rate equal to the employer normal cost plus a 30-year amortization of surplus, if any.

^{* -} Fiscal year 2015 was the first year of implementation, therefore only one year is shown.

EXHIBIT J

HUMBOLDT TRANSIT AUTHORITY SCHEDULE OF HTA'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION CALIFORNIA PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM June 30, 2015

	June 30, 2015
Plan's proportion of the net pension liability	0.021640%
Plan's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 1,346,438
Plan's covered-employee payroll	\$ 1,701,088
Plan's proportionate share of the net pension liability as percentage of covered-employee payroll	79.15%
Plan's proportionate share of the fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	81.21%

NOTES TO SCHEDULE:

Benefit changes: There were no changes to benefit terms.

Changes in assumptions: There were no changes in assumptions.

^{* -} Fiscal year 2015 was the first year of implementation, therefore only one year is shown.

SINGLE AUDIT REPORTS



ANDERSON, LUCAS, SOMERVILLE & BORGES, LLP

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

ART STEWART (1945-1964) RICHARD RODRIGUE (1950-1985) DAVID J. SOMERVILLE (1971-1982) DONALD J. HARRIS (1962-1994) EUGENE B. LUCAS (1950-2013) 1338 MAIN STREET FORTUNA, CALIFORNIA 95540 (707)725-4483 & (707) 725-4442 Toll Free: 800-794-1643 FAX: (707) 725-6340

E-mail: team@alsb.com www.alsb.com DAVID A. SOMERVILLE, II KEITH D. BORGES BARBARA J. GUEST RITA CHISM VANESSA ANDERSON, E.A.

JAMES M. ANDERSON, Inactive

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY OMB CIRCULAR A-133

To the Board of Directors Humboldt Transit Authority

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Humboldt Transit Authority's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Humboldt Transit Authority's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2015. Humboldt Transit Authority's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Humboldt Transit Authority's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Humboldt Transit Authority's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of Humboldt Transit Authority's compliance.

Board of Directors Humboldt Transit Authority Page 2

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, Humboldt Transit Authority's, complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2014.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of Humboldt Transit Authority is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered Humboldt Transit Authority's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Humboldt Transit Authority's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Board of Directors Humboldt Transit Authority Page 3

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of OMB Circular A-133. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

ANDERSON, LUCAS, SOMERVILLE & BORGES LLP

Fortuna, California January 6, 2016



ANDERSON, LUCAS, SOMERVILLE & BORGES, LLP

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

AR1 STEWART (1945-1964) RICHARD RODRIGUE (1950-1985) DAVID J. SOMERVILLE (1971-1982) DONALD J. HARRIS (1962-1994) EUGENE B. LUCAS (1950-2013) 1338 MAIN STREET FORTUNA, CALIFORNIA 95540 (707)725-4483 & (707) 725-4442 Toll Free: 800-794-1643 FAX: (707) 725-6340 E-mail: team@alsb.com

www.alsb.com

DAVID A. SOMERVILLE, II
KEITH D. BORGES
BARBARA J. GUEST
RITA CHISM
VANESSA ANDERSON, E.A.
JAMES M. ANDERSON, Inactive

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Board of Directors Humboldt Transit Authority

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the business-type activities of Humboldt Transit Authority, as of and for the years ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Humboldt Transit Authority's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated January 6, 2016.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Humboldt Transit Authority's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Humboldt Transit Authority's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Humboldt Transit Authority's internal control over financial reporting.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies, or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

Humboldt Transit Authority Page 2

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Humboldt Transit Authority's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

As part of the audit, we performed testing of the following program:

Public Transportation Modernization Improvement and Service Enhancement Account (PTMISEA). In November 2006, California voters passed a bond measure enacting the Highway Safety, Air Quality and Port Security Bond of 2006. Of the \$19.925 billion of State general obligation bonds authorized, \$4 billion was set aside by the State as instructed by the statute as the Public Transportation Modernization Improvement and Service Enhancement Account (PTMISEA). These funds are available to the California Department of Transportation for intercity rail projects and to transit operators in California for rehabilitation, safety or modernization improvements, capital service enhancements or expansions, new capital projects, bus rapid transit improvements or for rolling stock procurement, rehabilitation, or replacement.

During the fiscal year ended June 20, 2015, the Authority applied for and received \$1,103,589 from the State's PTMISEA account for bus acquisitions. As of June 30, 2015, PTMISEA funds received and expended were verified in the course of our audit as follows:

Beginning Balance PTMISEA funds	\$	9,546
PTMISEA funds received	1,	103,589
Interest earned through June 30, 2015	-	2,092
Subtotal	\$ 1	,115,227

Expenditures

Remitted to City of Fortuna (4,485)

Unexpended PTMISEA funds at June 30, 2015 \$ 1,110,742

We noted certain matters that we reported to management of Humboldt Transit Authority, in a separate letter dated January 6, 2016.

Humboldt Transit Authority Page 3

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion of the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, the Board of Directors others within the entity, and federal awarding agencies and pass-though entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

ANDERSON, LUCAS, SOMERVILLE & BORGES LLP

Fortuna, California January 6, 2016

HUMBOLDT TRANSIT AUTHORITY

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs

For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

SECTION I - SUMMARY OF AUDITORS' RESULTS

Financial Statements

Type of auditors' report issued:

Unqualified

Internal control over financial reporting:

Material weaknesses identified?

Significant deficiencies identified that are not considered to be

material weaknesses?

Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?

Federal Awards

Internal control over major programs:

Material weaknesses identified?

Significant deficiencies identified that are not considered to be

material weaknesses?

Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs:

Unqualified

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in

accordance with section 510(a) of Circular A-133?

Major programs are as follows:

20.509 U.S. Department of Transportation

Grants for Other Than Urbanized Areas

Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs: \$300,000

Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?

SECTION II - FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

No matters reported

SECTION III- FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

No matters reported

HUMBOLDT TRANSIT AUTHORITY

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program or Cluster Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Federal penditures
U.S. Department of Transportation			
Federal Transit Administration			
Passed Through California Department of Transportation			
Division of Mass Transportation			
Capital Project - Bus Purchase	20.509	642402	\$ 340,000
Capital Project - Bus Purchase	20.509	6414401	190,000
Operating Assistance - (5311F)	20.509	643461	218,705
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$ 748,705

The above schedule of expenditures of federal awards includes the federal grant activity of Humboldt Transit Authority and is presented on the accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the basic financial statements.

MANAGEMENT LETTER



ANDERSON, LUCAS, SOMERVILLE & BORGES, LLP

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

ART STEWART (1945-1964) RICHARD RODRIGUE (1950-1985) DAVID J. SOMERVILLE (1971-1982) DONALD J. HARRIS (1962-1994) EUGENE B. LUCAS (1950-2013) 1338 MAIN STREET FORTUNA, CALIFORNIA 95540 (707)725-4483 & (707) 725-4442 Toll Free: 800-794-1643 FAX: (707) 725-6340 E-mail: team@alsb.com

www.alsb.com

DAVID A. SOMERVILLE, II KEITH D. BORGES BARBARA J. GUEST

RITA CHISM VANESSA ANDERSON, E.A.

JAMES M. ANDERSON, Inactive

January 6, 2016

Board of Directors Humboldt Transit Authority 133 V Street Eureka, California 95501

Ladies and Gentlemen,

We have audited the financial statements of Humboldt Transit Authority (HTA) for the year ended June 30, 2015 and have issued our report thereon dated January 6, 2016. As part of our audit, we reviewed and tested HTA's system of internal accounting control to the extent we considered necessary to evaluate the system as required by generally accepted auditing standards.

The objective of internal accounting control is to provide reasonable, but not absolute assurance as to the safeguarding of assets against loss from unauthorized use or disposition, and the reliability of financial records for preparing financial statements and maintaining accountability of assets. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that the cost of a system of internal accounting control should not exceed the benefits derived and also recognizes that the evaluation of these factors necessarily requires estimates and judgments by management.

There are inherent limitations that should be recognized in considering the potential effectiveness of any system of internal control. In the performance of most control procedures, errors can result from misunderstanding of instructions, mistakes of judgment, carelessness, or other factors. Control procedures whose effectiveness depends upon segregation of duties can be circumvented by collusion. Similarly, control procedures can be circumvented intentionally by management with respect either to the execution and recording of transactions or with respect to estimates and judgments required in the preparation of financial statements. Further, projection of any evaluation of internal accounting control to future periods is subject to the risk that the procedures may become inadequate because of changes in conditions and that the degree of compliance with the procedures may deteriorate.

Board of Directors Humboldt Transit Authority

Our study and evaluation of HTA's system of internal accounting control for the year ended June 30, 2015 which was made for the purpose set forth in the first paragraph above, would not necessarily disclose all weaknesses in the system. However, we submit, for your consideration, our comments and recommendations on the operating methods, accounting policies and procedures, and other matters which came to our attention during the course of the audit.

CURRENT YEAR FINDINGS

1. Compliance with TDA Fund Eligibility:

Excess Operating Funds Received:

As shown in Note 2 to the financial statements, the following systems did not meet the compliance requirements of Section 6634 of the California Administrative Code dealing with TDA fund eligibility. Fund eligibility is determined by subtracting actual fare revenues, depreciation, and any federal operating funds received from operating expenses. This amount represents the maximum allowable TDA funding for operating expenses for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015.

	Ar	cata DAR	 Willow Creek	SoHum Inter City
Operating Costs	\$	123,656	\$ 311,996	\$ 534,240
Less Depreciation		-	(28,829)	(38,430)
Less Fare Revenues		(20,066)	(46,320)	(86,587)
Less Federal Operating Funds		1900 ar	(68,705)	(150,000)
Maximum TDA Fund Eligibilty		103,590	168,142	259,223
STAF Operating Funds Received		-	402	500
TDA Funds Received		131,497	196,062	352,363
	-	131,497	196,464	352,863
Excess TDA Funds Received	\$	27,907	\$ 28,322	\$ 93,640

<u>Recommendation</u>: HTA has several options to remedy this situation:

- a. Claims by member entities for operating costs for the following fiscal year may be reduced by the current year excess TDA funds.
- b. Members may file amended claims for the current fiscal year applying the excess fund to capital expenditures made during the current year.
- c. Members may repay the excess TDA funds to the Transportation Planning Agency (HCAOG) on demand.

Board of Directors Humboldt Transit Authority

The above recommendations and comments are intended to be constructive suggestions on ways to improve the policies and procedures of HTA. They are not intended to be all-inclusive of the areas in which improvements might be achieved. Should you have any questions regarding these comments or any other matters, please contact us.

In conclusion, we wish to thank the staff of Humboldt Transit Authority for their cooperation and assistance during our audit.

ANDERSON, LUCAS, SOMERVILLE & BORGES, LLP